ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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June 30, 2024

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the Authority including: Principal Officials

Principal Officials June 30, 2024

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name
Robert F. Filotto
Jeff R. Pierson
Kathleen K. Trizna
Donnie F. Chestnutt
Timothy Broderick
Jane Condon
William Kent
Sherri Reardon

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

This section includes the opinion of the Authority's independent auditing firm.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 3, 2025

The Board of Directors
Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority
Joliet, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and the discretely presented component unit of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit, of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, Illinois, as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, Illinois June 3, 2025

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, Illinois June 3, 2025

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 3, 2025, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority's (the Authority) financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's net position increased by \$3,738,126 as a result of this year's operations to create ending net position of \$10,455,162, while ending net position in 2023 was \$6,717,036. Of the ending net position of \$10,455,162 in 2024, \$4,004,946 was unrestricted versus \$3,504,607 in 2023.
- The operating revenues were \$4,097,652 over budget.
- Total operating expenses were \$264,769 over the budgeted amount mostly due to salaries, professional services, insurance, utilities and production expenses coming in over budget for the current year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provide information about the activities of the Authority.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Authority's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Authority's member agencies and the condition of the Authority's facilities and programs, is needed to assess the overall health of the Authority.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected member contributions and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Funds

The Authority operates as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Authority's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Authority, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$10,455,162.

	Net Position			
	2024		2023	
Current and Other Assets	\$	6,918,360	7,169,404	
Capital Assets	,	8,141,777	5,010,343	
Total Assets			12,179,747	
Long-Term Debt		1,435,489	1,657,299	
Other Liabilities		2,450,945	2,943,349	
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows		3,886,434 718,541	4,600,648 862,063	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		4,604,975	5,462,711	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,450,216	3,212,429	
Unrestricted		4,004,946	3,504,607	
Total Net Position		10,455,162	6,717,036	

Net position invested in capital assets totals \$6,450,216, or 61.7 percent of total net position and reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, construction in progress, buildings, building improvements, and furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide services to program participants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The remaining 38.3 percent, or \$4,004,946, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to program users and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

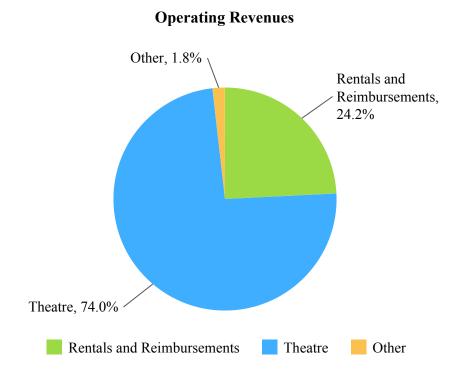
	Change in Net Position		
	2024	2023	
O			
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	e 1 022 044	1 520 122	
Rentals and Reimbursements	\$ 1,832,844		
Theatre	5,581,742		
Other	135,233		
Total Operating Revenues	7,549,819	3,281,354	
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Salaries	1,339,754	1,270,968	
Benefits	240,678	223,736	
Professional Services	146,273	102,370	
Administrative	120,507	113,054	
Insurance	258,459	207,855	
Custodial and Maintenance	202,713	211,586	
Utilities	185,192	143,798	
House Expense	397,669	371,892	
Production Expense	1,236,491	874,853	
Depreciation	401,212	370,020	
Total Operating Expenses	4,528,948	3,890,132	
Operating Income (Loss)	3,020,871	(608,778)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
City of Joliet Support	_	375,000	
Grants	686,740	•	
Investment Income	128,076	· ·	
Interest Expense	(97,561)	· ·	
•	717,255		
Cl M. D. W.	2 729 126	270.020	
Change in Net Position	3,738,126	279,028	
Net Position - Beginning	6,717,036	6,438,008	
Net Position - Ending	10,455,162	6,717,036	

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

As previously stated, net position increased \$3,738,126, or 55.7 percent. Charges for services increased from \$3,281,354 in 2023 to \$7,549,819 in 2024. Theatre revenue accounted for \$5,581,742, or 73.9 percent and Rentals and Reimbursements accounted for \$1,832,844, or 24.2 percent, of the total charges for services in the current year. In the prior year Theatre totaled \$1,759,974, representing 53.6 percent and Rentals and Reimbursements totaled \$1,759,974 and represented 46.3 percent of the total charges for services.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Authority. It depicts very clearly the reliance of theater and rental revenue.

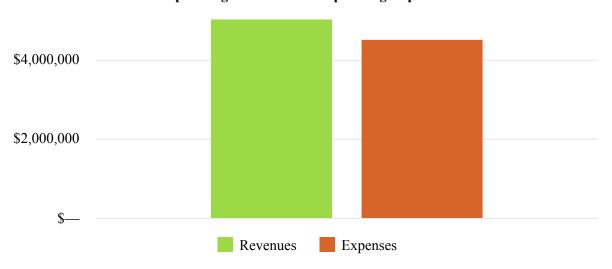


The 'Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses' Table on the next page illustrates the surplus for the year of program revenues over operating expenses of \$3,020,871 as a result of operating revenues exceeding operating expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses



In the current year, the Authority's total revenue increased significantly by \$4,268,465. This is a 130.1 percent increase over the prior fiscal year due to increase event performances.

The total expenses for the Authority increased by \$638,816 from 2023. This is a 16.4 percent increase from the prior year. This increase was due to increased event, utility and personnel expenses as well as an increase in cost of goods sold.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Authority did not amend their budget during the fiscal year. For the current year, operating revenue received was in excess of budget by \$4,097,652. The excess operating revenue is due to a combination of increases in STAR revenue, F&B revenue, interest income, event revenue, ticket sales and a one time grant received for \$200 thousand. Total operating expenses were \$264,769 over budget. Increased events were the primarily reason to increases in both revenue and expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 was \$8,141,777 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		
	2024		2023
Land	\$	580,737	580,737
Construction in Progress		3,555,090	172,029
Building		2,320,959	2,407,158
Building Improvements		1,556,758	1,744,489
Furniture and Equipment		128,233	105,930
Totals		8,141,777	5,010,343

The Authority had the following additions for the year:

Construction in Progress	\$ 3,383,061
Buildings	73,480
Furniture and Equipment	76,105
	3 532 646

The Authority reported depreciation expense of \$401,212. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in on Note 3 of this report.

Long-Term Obligations

At year-end, the Authority reported total outstanding debt of \$1,681,183 as compared to \$1,788,308 the previous year, a decrease of 6%.

	Long-Term	Long-Term Debt Outstanding		
	2024	2023		
Notes Payable	\$ 1,618,87	3 1,788,308		
Loan Payable	62,31	0 —		
Totals	1,681,18	3 1,788,308		

Additional information on the Authority's long-term obligations can be found on Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Authority has operated at a loss in previous years. Subsidies received in the form of grants from the City of Joliet offset a substantial portion of these losses. The City of Joliet appropriates support to the Authority on a year-to-year basis with no commitments extending beyond the current year. The Authority therefore continues to remain economically dependent on the City of Joliet.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Executive Director, Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, 15 East Van Buren Street, Joliet, IL 60432.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024
(with Comparative Actual Amounts for June 30, 2023)

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024
(with Comparative Actual Amounts for June 30, 2023)

ASSETS		Primary Gov 2024	vernment 2023	Component Unit Rialto Square Theatre Foundation
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$	3,896,985	5,150,590	1,141,220
Receivables - Net of Allowances				
Accounts		1,300,528	97,684	9,754
Accrued Interest		6,396	6,396	_
Leases Receivable		149,764	131,522	_
Other		53,629	73,034	_
Due from Other Governments		52,350	52,350	_
Due from WCMEAA			_	1,000
Due from Endowment				23,705
Prepaids		67,401	78,012	_
Inventories		18,607	34,585	7,984
Total Current Assets		5,545,660	5,624,173	1,183,663
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable		4,135,827	752,766	_
Depreciable		17,302,843	17,153,258	_
Accumulated Depreciation	(13,296,893)	(12,895,681)	
Total Capital Assets		8,141,777	5,010,343	
Other Assets				
Leases Receivable		1,372,700	1,545,231	_
Endowment Investments		_	_	1,337,775
Total Other Assets		1,372,700	1,545,231	1,337,775
Total Noncurrent Assets		9,514,477	6,555,574	1,337,775
Total Assets		15,060,137	12,179,747	2,521,438

	Primary Gov 2024	rernment 2023	Component Unit Rialto Square Theatre Foundation
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	308,315	288,134	191,836
Accrued Payroll	46,562	117,203	_
Deposits	205,970	202,129	_
Other Payable	1,592,512	2,156,842	98
Due to WCMEAA			53,629
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	297,586	179,041	
Total Current Liabilities	2,450,945	2,943,349	245,563
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable	41,514	38,426	
Notes Payable	1,339,165	1,618,873	
Loan Payable	54,810		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,435,489	1,657,299	
Total Liabilities	3,886,434	4,600,648	245,563
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Leases	718,541	862,063	_
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,604,975	5,462,711	245,563
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,450,216	3,212,429	_
Restricted			1,062,964
Unrestricted	4,004,946	3,504,607	1,212,911
Total Net Position	10,455,162	6,717,036	2,275,875

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (with Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023)

		Primary Gov	vernment	Component Unit Rialto Square Theatre
		2024	2023	Foundation
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Rentals and Reimbursements	\$	1,832,844	1,520,132	
Theatre	Ф	5,581,742	1,759,974	_
Other		135,233	1,739,974	
Total Revenues		7,549,819	3,281,354	
Operating Expenses Operations		7,547,017	3,201,334	
Salaries		1,339,754	1,270,968	_
Benefits		240,678	223,736	_
Professional Services		146,273	102,370	_
Administrative		120,507	113,054	_
Insurance		258,459	207,855	_
Custodial and Maintenance		202,713	211,586	_
Utilities		185,192	143,798	_
House Expense		397,669	371,892	_
Production Expense		1,236,491	874,853	
Theatre				466,923
Depreciation		401,212	370,020	
Total Operating Expenses		4,528,948	3,890,132	466,923
Operating (Loss)		3,020,871	(608,778)	(466,923)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) City of Joliet Support		_	375,000	_
Grants		686,740	357,038	477,271
Other Income				116,655
Investment Income		128,076	269,334	134,247
Interest Expense		(97,561)	(113,566)	_
•		717,255	887,806	728,173
Change in Net Position		3,738,126	279,028	261,250
Net Position - Beginning		6,717,036	6,438,008	2,014,625
Net Position - Ending		10,455,162	6,717,036	2,275,875

Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (with Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023)

	2024	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$ 7,233,998	
Payments to Employees	(1,339,754	
Payments to Suppliers	(3,538,593	,
	2,355,651	1,299,882
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of Capital Assets	(3,532,646) (135,549)
Interest Expense	(97,561	,
Payment of Principal Retirement	(182,125	,
Debt Issuance	75,000	, , , ,
Deat issuance	(3,737,332	
	(3,737,332) (377,003)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment Income	128,076	269,334
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,253,605	1,169,613
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning	5,150,590	3,980,977
Ending	3,896,985	5,150,590
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	3,020,871	(608,778)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to		
Net Income to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense	401,212	370,020
Other Income	686,740	732,038
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	(1,002,561	279,359
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(750,611	527,243
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,355,651	1,299,882
J 1 5	, , , , , ,	, ,

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (the Authority), Illinois, was created under Illinois Public Act 80-909. The original purpose of the Authority was to rehabilitate and restore a historic building, the Rialto Square Theatre. Duties of the Authority consisted of promoting, operating and maintaining expositions and conventions in the metropolitan area for industrial, cultural, educational, theatrical, sports, trade and scientific exhibits and to construct, equip and maintain auditoriums and exposition buildings for such purposes. In 1982, the Act was amended to allow the Authority to lease property as an owner and change the Authority name from Joliet to Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Authority are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Authority is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member Board of Directors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government. Management has determined that there are no fiduciary component units that are required to be included in the financial statements of the Authority as pension trust funds and there is one discretely component units to include in the reporting entity.

Based on the above criterion, the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, has met the definition of a component unit of the City of Joliet. The considerations for the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority to be a component unit of the City of Joliet are: selection of a majority of the governing board; ability to significantly influence the program, projects, activities and level of service; and financial accountability.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described in GASB Statement No. 61 and GASB Statement No. 84 but do not meet the criteria for blending.

The Rialto Square Theatre Foundation (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax exempt organization. The Foundation operates exclusively for charitable or educational purposes to support the Authority. The Authority provides the staffing to and funds various overhead costs of the Foundation. The Foundation is included as a discretely presented component unit because the Authority has operational responsibility for them and the purpose of the Foundation is to provide a benefit to the Authority. Separate statements may be obtained from the Authority administrative office, 15 East Van Buren Street, Joliet, IL 60432. The Authority did not omit from the financial statements any board or agency that met any inclusion criteria.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In the Statement of Net Position, the Authority's activities are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term obligations/deferred inflows.

The Authority uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The Authority utilizes a single proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority's basic financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. There is no allowance for uncollectible since these amounts are expected to be fully collectible. The Authority reports user charges as its major receivable.

Prepaids/Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids/inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids/inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$2,500 or more, depending on asset class, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Building 10 - 50 Years
Building Improvements 5 - 20 Years
Furniture and Equipment 5 - 20 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE/ NET POSITION - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when earned. Unused vacation may not be carried over from one calendar year to the next. If an employee terminates employment after twelve months of service prior to using all accrued vacation time, the amount of unused vacation time will be reimbursed. Employees will receive half pay for accumulated sick leave balance upon termination of employment.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable.

Unrestricted - All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets."

The Authority considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested budgets for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the Authority Board for review. State statute does not require the Authority to adopt a budget; however, the Authority opted to pass a budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures over budget as of the date of this report:

Fund		Excess	
Authority	\$	231,679	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Authority to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services.

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$2,018,430 and the bank balances totaled \$2,034,346. In addition, the Authority has \$1,878,555 invested in mutual funds, valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Authority's investment policy requires that short-term investments may only be invested in:

- 1. Certificates of deposit issued by the state and national banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions domiciled in Joliet, IL, that are: a) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, other deposit insurance agencies, or their successors; or b) secured by the pledge of securities in the same manner as is required by the depository bank.
- 2. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 3. Direct obligations of the State of Illinois or its agencies.
- 4. Other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Illinois or the United States.
- 5. Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described above.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for deposits. At year end, all of the bank balance was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Continued. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Authority's investment in a single issuer. The Authority's policy does not state specific limits on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer. At year-end, the Authority does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year:

	В	Seginning			Ending
	I	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets					
Land	\$	580,737	_	_	580,737
Construction in Progress		172,029	3,383,061	_	3,555,090
		752,766	3,383,061	_	4,135,827
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Building		9,647,593	_	_	9,647,593
Building Improvements		6,524,756	73,480		6,598,236
Furniture and Equipment		980,909	76,105	_	1,057,014
		17,153,258	149,585	_	17,302,843
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Building		7,240,435	86,199	_	7,326,634
Building Improvements		4,780,267	261,211	_	5,041,478
Furniture and Equipment		874,979	53,802		928,781
		12,895,681	401,212		13,296,893
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets		4,257,577	(251,627)		4,005,950
Total Net Capital Assets		5,010,343	3,131,434		8,141,777

Depreciation expense of \$401,212 was charged to the Authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

LEASES RECEIVABLE

The Authority is a lessor on the following leases at year end:

Lease	Start Date	End Date	Payments	Interest Rate
University of St. Francis	6/9/2011	5/9/2031	\$15,079 - \$25,678 Monthly	12.00%
Midland States	11/1/2014	10/1/2029	\$2,393 - \$3,618 Monthly	3.13%
Johnson Family Salvage	5/16/2022	4/16/2026	\$573 - \$682 Monthly	2.72%
Women's Club	7/1/2021	6/1/2028	\$548 Monthly	2.58%

There were no variable or other payments not previously included in the measurement of the leases receivable recognized in the current year.

During the fiscal year, the Authority has recognized \$302,731 of lease revenue.

The future principal and interest least payments as of the year-end were as follows:

Fiscal		
Year	Principal	Interest
		_
2025	\$ 149,764	157,123
2026	170,875	141,759
2027	191,307	123,678
2028	221,995	102,439
2029	256,644	77,524
2030	265,665	48,712
2031	 266,214	16,238
	 _	
	 1,522,464	667,473

LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable

The Authority enters into notes payable for the acquisition of capital equipment. Notes payable are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Authority. Notes payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Loans Payable

	Beginning			Ending
Debt Issue	Balance	Issuances	Retirement	Balance
\$1,973,094 Notes Payable of 2020 due in monthly installments of \$20,868 to \$34,000 including interest at 5.00% through July 10, 2028.		_	169,435	1,618,873

The Authority enters into loans payable for the acquisition of capital equipment. Loans payable are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Authority. Loans payable currently outstanding are as follows:

	Ве	eginning			Ending
Debt Issue	В	Balance	Issuances	Retirement	Balance
\$75,000 Loan Payable due in annual installments o	of				
\$7,500, interest free through June 20, 2032.	\$		75,000	12,690	62,310

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due within
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 48,032	7,719	3,859	51,892	10,378
Notes Payable	1,788,308	_	169,435	1,618,873	279,708
Venueworks Bar Loan Payable	_	75,000	12,690	62,310	7,500
	1,836,340	82,719	185,984	1,733,075	297,586

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Notes				Loa	an
Fiscal		Payab	ole		ible	
Year		Principal	Interest	F	Principal	Interest
2025	\$	279,708	83,442	\$	7,500	_
2026		316,283	66,717		7,500	
2027		346,689	48,311		7,500	_
2028		373,138	28,362		7,500	_
2029		303,055	7,226		7,500	_
2030					7,500	_
2031					7,500	_
2032					7,500	_
2033		_			2,310	
		1,618,873	234,058		62,310	

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Authority's employees. These risks are covered by commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in coverage in any program from coverage in the prior year. For all programs, settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

From time to time, the Authority is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings with respect to employment, civil rights, property taxes and other matters. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Authority attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position or results of operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - Continued

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

RETIREMENT FUND

The Authority contributes to the Central Pension Fund (CPF), a defined benefit pension program, for employees who are members of the International Union of Operating Engineers.

The Authority contributed \$2.65 per hour, up to 40 hours a week, for each participants. Payments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were \$25,502.

TRANSACTIONS WITH PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Foundation

The Rialto Square Theatre Foundation transferred \$205,374 (net) to the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (Primary Government) for the year ended June 30, 2024.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Consolidated Year-End Financial Report June 30, 2024

CSFA#	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Totals
420-00-1771	Construction and/or Renovation to Buildings, Additions, or Structures	\$ 2,926,433		456,628	3,383,061
	Totals	2,926,433	_	456,628	3,383,061

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	¢ 1.502.022	1 502 022	1 022 044
Rentals and Reimbursements	\$ 1,583,922	1,583,922	1,832,844
Theatre	1,868,245	1,868,245	5,581,742
Other	2 452 167	2.452.167	135,233
Total Operating Revenues	3,452,167	3,452,167	7,549,819
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Salaries	1,303,889	1,303,889	1,339,754
Benefits	312,620	312,620	240,678
Professional Services	106,000	106,000	146,273
Administrative	156,937	156,937	120,507
Insurance	242,588	242,588	258,459
Custodial and Maintenance	233,100	233,100	202,713
Utilities	161,784	161,784	185,192
House Expense	402,043	402,043	397,669
Production Expense	977,096	977,096	1,236,491
Depreciation	368,122	368,122	401,212
Total Operating Expenses	4,264,179	4,264,179	4,528,948
Operating (Loss)	(812,012)	(812,012)	3,020,871
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Grants	625,000	625,000	686,740
Investment Income	78,000	78,000	128,076
Interest Expense	(105,849)	(105,849)	(97,561)
	597,151	597,151	717,255
Change in Net Position	(214,861)	(214,861)	3,738,126
Net Position - Beginning			6,717,036
Net Position - Ending			10,455,162

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

June 3, 2025

The Board of Directors Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority Joliet, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements and the discretely presented component unit of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (the Authority), Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 3, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, Illinois June 3, 2025

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP