WILL COUNTY METROPOLITAN EXPOSITION AND AUDITORIUM AUTHORITY JOLIET, ILLINOIS (A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION)

COMPONENT UNIT
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2015

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WERMER, ROGERS, DORAN & RUZON LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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To the Board of Directors
Will County Metropolitan Exposition
and Auditorium Authority
Joliet, Illinois

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (Authority), a component unit of the City of Joliet, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of revenue and expense – enterprise fund is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenue and expense – enterprise fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of insurance data and schedule of organizational data have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Wermer, agen, Donan + augon, L.L.C.

May 24, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Our discussion and analysis of the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Authority's net position increased by \$617 thousand, or 12 percent, as a result of this year's operations. Net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$43 thousand, or 3 percent while net position of our business-type activities increased by \$661 thousand, or 17 percent.

During the year, the Authority's governmental activities had revenues of \$351 thousand as compared to revenues of \$483 thousand in the prior year. This represented a decrease in revenues of \$132 thousand or 27 percent. The Authority's governmental activities had expenditures of \$145 thousand for the current year as compared to expenditures of \$165 thousand for the prior year.

In the Authority's business-type activities, revenues decreased from \$5.4 million to \$5.1 million or 6 percent while expenses decreased from \$4.9 million to \$4.6 million or 6 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (on pages 10 and 11) and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the Authority as a whole and present a long-term view of the Authority's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Authority's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Authority's most significant funds.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the Authority as a whole begins on page 4. One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is, "Is the Authority as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Authority as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Authority's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Authority's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) as one way to measure the Authority's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Authority's revenue base and the condition of the Authority's buildings, to assess the overall health of the Authority.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Authority into two kinds of activities:

- 1) Governmental Activities Most of the Authority's basic services are reported here, including general administrative, development and sustaining, capital campaign and endowment and fundraising. Grants and contributions finance most of these activities.
- 2) Business Type Activities The Authority charges fees to patrons to help it cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The Authority's operations of the Rialto Square Theatre, the Rialto Office Complex, and Two Rialto Square are reported here.

Reporting the Authority's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Authority's major funds begins on page 8. The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Authority as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Authority's Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money. The Authority's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds – Most of the Authority's administration and management services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Authority's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources than can be spent in the near future to finance the Authority's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation to the right of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the Authority charges patrons and tenants for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Authority's enterprise fund (a proprietary fund) is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

The Authority's combined net position increased by about 12 percent – from \$5.27 million to \$5.89 million. Business-type activities increased by about 17 percent while the governmental activities decreased by about 3 percent. The increase in business-type activities can be attributed to drawdowns from the State of Illinois grant, rotunda income and bar income. The decrease in governmental-type activities is mostly attributable to decreased operating grants, donations and interest and investment earnings. Our analysis beginning on the following page focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Authority's governmental and business-type activities:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position, June 30,

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type	<u>Activities</u>	Total Reporting Entity			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 1,433,888 	\$ 1,505,257 	\$ 798,068 \$ 8,140,271	807,833 \$ 7,064,503	2,231,956 8,140,271	\$ 2,313,090 7,064,503		
Total Assets	1,433,888	1,505,257	8,938,339	7,872,336	10,372,227	9,377,593		
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	- 119,272	147,227	2,491,055 1,873,164	2,559,727 1,399,016	2,491,055 1,992,436	2,559,727 1,546,243		
Total Liabilities	119,272	147,227	4,364,219	3,958,743	4,483,491	4,105,970		
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets			5,657,550	4,519,406	5,657,550	4,519,406		
Restricted for Endowments Restricted for Capital	1,001,936	972,979	-	-	1,001,936	972,979		
Improvements Unrestricted	312,680	10,000 <u>375,051</u> (1,083,429) (605,813) (_	- 770,749) (10,000 230,762)		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,314,616	\$ 1,358,030	\$ 4,574,121 \$	3,913,593 \$	5,888,737	5,271,623		

The net position of the Authority's governmental activities decreased by \$43 thousand. Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, decreased by \$62 thousand. This decrease is mainly attributable to a decrease in unrealized gain on investments.

The net position of the Authority's business-type activities increased by 17 percent (\$4.6 million compared to \$3.9 million). The unrestricted net position remains in a deficit position. The deficit was increased by \$478 thousand. The Authority generally can use the unrestricted portion of net position (if any) to finance the continuing operations of the Rialto Square Theatre, the Rialto Office Complex, and Two Rialto Square.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table 2 Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position, Year Ended June 30,

	Governme	ental A		Business-Type Activities		Total Repo		orting Entity 2014			
	2015	-	2014	-	2015	-	2014	2015		2015 2	
Revenues											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$	(5 .8	100	3,390,773	\$	3,561,121	\$ 3,390		\$	3,561,121
Operating Grants and Contributions	312,53	7	359,945	13	1,668,545		1,843,628	1,981	1,082		2,203,573
Capital Grants and Contributions	=		1,575		-		150	-			1,575
General Revenues:											
Interest and Investment Earnings	30,79	<u> </u>	113,126		616		870	31	1,413		113,996
Total Revenues	343,33	<u>4</u> _	474,646		5,059,934	-	5,405,619	5,403	3,268		5,880,265
Program Expenses											
General Administration	35,82	5	45,462		*		20	35	5,825		45,462
Development and Sustaining	10,91	2	12,133				-	10	0,912		12,133
Fundraising	98,40	8	102,545		-			98	3,408		102,545
Capital Campaign and Endowment	15	9	5,115		-				159		5,115
Rialto Square Theatre	9		-		3,535,679		3,825,988	3,535	5,679		3,825,988
Rialto Office Complex			=		715,015		715,769	715	5,015		715,769
Two Rialto Square	2		∮⊑		397,929	_	408,101	397	7,929		408,101
Total Expenses	145,30	4_	165,255	_	4,648,623	_	4,949,858	4,793	3,927	_	5,115,113
Excess Revenues Over											
Expenses Before Contributions to											
Permanent Funds and Transfers	198,03	0	309,391		411,311		455,761	609	9,341		765,152
Contributions to Permanent Funds	7,77	3	8,196		(±)		:	7	7,773		8,196
Transfers	(249,21	7) (_	301,059)		249,217	-	301,059			_	-
Change in Net Position	(43,41	4) _	16,528		660,528	,	756,820	617	7,114	_	773,348
Net Position Beginning	1,358,03	<u>o</u> _	1,341,502		3,913,593		3,156,773	5,27	1,623	ii .	4,498,275
Net Position Ending	\$ 1,314,61	<u>6</u> \$	1,358,030	\$	4,574,121	\$	3,913,593	\$ 5,888	8,737	\$	5,271,623

The Authority's total revenues decreased by \$477 thousand or 8 percent. The total costs of all programs and services decreased by \$321 thousand or 6 percent. Our analysis that follows separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Authority's governmental activities decreased by \$132 thousand or 27 percent while total expenditures decreased by \$20 thousand or 12 percent.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Authority's four governmental activity categories — general administration, development and sustaining, capital campaign and endowment and fundraising, — as well as each category's *net* cost (total cost less revenue generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Authority by each of these functions.

The general administrative category includes professional fees, office expenses, trust fees, newspaper publications, and other miscellaneous expenses. Development and sustaining includes development expenses and sustaining fund expenses. Capital campaign and endowment includes all expenses related to the capital campaign and endowment acquisition. Fundraising includes all fundraising expenses.

Table 3 Governmental Activities, Year Ended June 30,

	-	Total Cost	of Se	rvices	_Ne	Net Cost of (Surplus from) Services				
		2015	-	2014		2015	2014			
General Administrative	\$	35,825	\$	45,462	(\$	17,246) (\$	23,568)			
Development and Sustaining		10,912		12,133	(59,048) (61,622)			
Capital Campaign and Endowment		159		5,115	(13,496) (44,478)			
Fundraising	-	98,408	*	102,545		77,443) (66,597)			
Totals	\$	145,304	\$	165,255	(\$	167,233) (\$	196,265)			

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the Authority's business-type activities (see Table 2) decreased by \$346 or 6 percent while expenses decreased by \$301 thousand or 6 percent. The Authority's business-type activities are comprised of three separate and distinct activities: these activities are Rialto Square Theatre, Rialto Office Complex, and Two Rialto Square.

Operating revenue from the Rialto Square Theatre decreased by \$175 thousand or 6 percent, while operating costs decreased by \$290 thousand or 8 percent. The revenue decrease is mostly attributable to ticket income which decreased from \$1.9 million to \$1.7 million. The expense decrease is mostly attributable to advertising and promotion which decreased from \$420 thousand to \$364 thousand and production expense which decreased from \$941 thousand to \$654 thousand.

Operating revenue from the Rialto Office Complex increased by \$4 thousand or 1 percent while expenses decreased by \$754 or .1 percent. The increase in revenue is mainly due to an increase in office and commercial rent while the expense decrease is mostly attributable to a decrease in custodial and maintenance.

Operating revenue from Two Rialto Square increased by \$276 or .1 percent, while expenses decreased by \$10 thousand or 2 percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

THE AUTHORITY'S FUNDS

As the Authority completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on pages 14-15) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$1.3 million, which is below last year's total of \$1.4 million. The Authority's governmental funds experienced a decrease of \$146 thousand in their cash and investments.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the Authority had \$8.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, building improvements, and furniture and equipment. (See Table 4 below.)

Table 4 Capital Assets at Year End (Net of Depreciation)

	9	overnm	ental Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities					Total Reporting Entity			
	(200	2015	_	2014	-	2015 2014		2014	2015		-	2014	
Land	\$	-	\$	Œ	\$	580,737	\$	580,737	\$	580,737	\$	580,737	
Buildings		-				852,703		920,909		852,703		920,909	
Building Improvements						3,746,174		4,039,605		3,746,174		4,039,605	
Furniture and Equipment				=		440,912		432,962		440,912		432,962	
Construction in Progress	-		- ·	2	- a-	2,519,745	2	1,090,290	_	2,519,745		1,090,290	
Totals	\$	174	\$		\$	8,140,271	\$	7,064,503	\$	8,140,271	\$	7,064,503	

This year's major additions included the following:

Terra Cotta Repair Project	\$ 1,175,646
Marquee Replacement/Improvement Project	237,242
Digital Light Control Board	48,802
Chimney Repair Project	16,365

More detailed information about the Authority's capital assets is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the Authority had \$2,489,146 in debt outstanding. Outstanding debt at year end was as follows:

Promissory Note, Dated December 28, 2011	\$	2,476,061
Promissory Note, Dated September 9, 2013	7	8,334
	\$	2,484,395

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

The promissory note, dated December 28, 2011, was established for the University of Saint Francis buildout as well as the Lambrecht hospitality suite renovations. The promissory note, dated September 9, 2013, was established for administrative and box office computers. More detailed information about the Authority's long-term debt is presented in Note 13 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Authority's business-type activities have operated at a loss in previous years. Subsidies received in the form of grants from the City of Joliet offset a substantial portion of these losses. The City of Joliet appropriates support to the Authority on a year-to-year basis with no commitments extending beyond the current year. The Authority therefore continues to remain economically dependent on the City of Joliet.

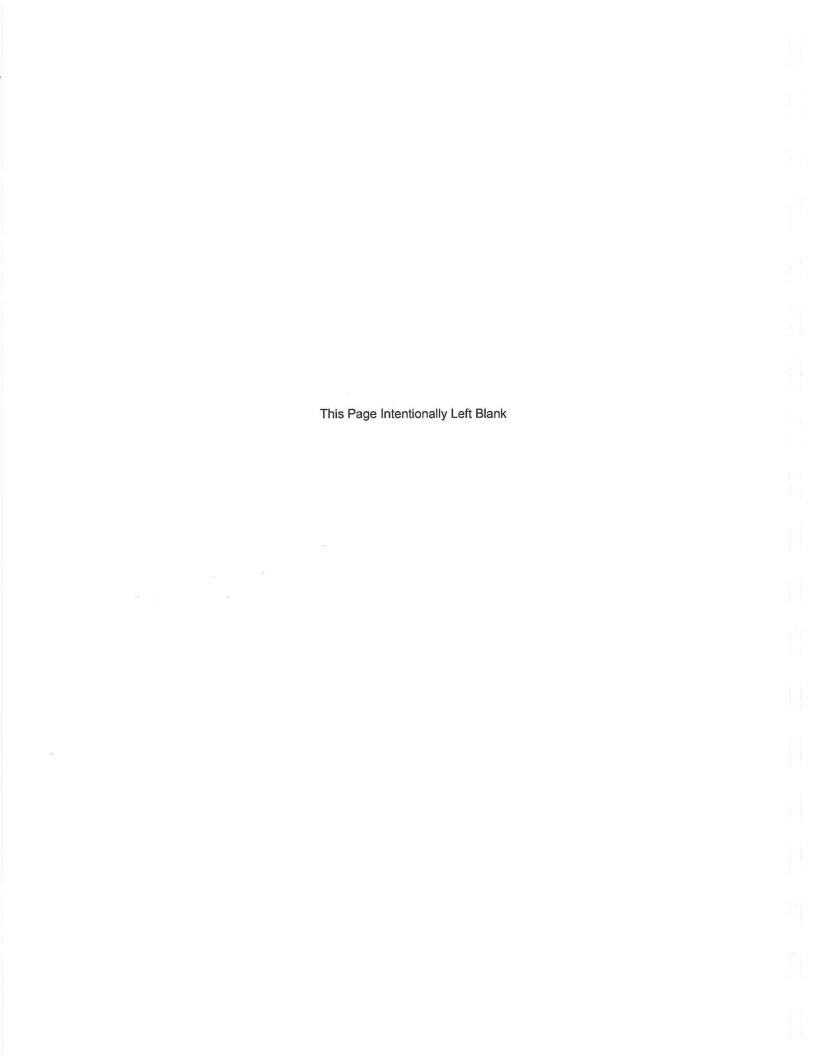
CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Authority's administrative office, 15 East Van Buren Street, Joliet, Illinois 60432.

Component Unit

Rialto Square Theatre Foundation

Separate financial statements may be obtained at the Authority's administrative office, 15 East Van Buren Street, Joliet, Illinois 60432.





Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets			104.0		100	
Cash	\$	236,207	\$	671,653	\$	907,860
Investments		43,516		_		43,516
Accounts Receivable		* =		48,573		48,573
Pledges Receivable - Current		11,133		1,000		11,133
Accrued Interest Receivable		5		=		5
Accounts Receivable Other		-		15,751		15,751
Prepaid Expenses		-		186,116		186,116
Grant Advance		9,456				9,456
Internal Balances		150,887	(150,887)		= 1
Inventory		9,847	-	26,862		36,709
Total Current Assets	-	461,051	7	798,068		1,259,119
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted Assets						
Cash		27,621		()		27,621
Investments		938,509		UTT 1		938,509
Pledges Receivable - Non Current		6,707		-		6,707
Capital Assets (Net)						
Land		2₩		580,737		580,737
Buildings		::-		852,703		852,703
Building Improvements		1 =		3,746,174		3,746,174
Furniture and Equipment		1. 2		440,912		440,912
Construction in Progress	2 	8 =	1.	2,519,745	_	2,519,745
Total Noncurrent Assets		972,837		8,140,271	-	9,113,108
Total Assets	\$	1,433,888	\$	8,938,339	\$	10,372,227

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
LIABILITIES	12					14 33 12 11 12 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	-	\$	573,342	\$	573,342
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		n e		127,821		127,821
Long-Term Obligations, Due Within One Year				**************************************		99/955799 (
Notes Payable		-		60,250		60,250
Capital Lease Payable				2,447		2,447
Due to Bondholders		_		62,713		62,713
Unearned Revenue		2,598		1,034,849		1,037,447
Due to Volunteers		116,674		The state of the s		116,674
Other		=		74,438		74,438
	-					
Total Current Liabilities		119,272		1,935,860		2,055,132
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-Term Obligations, Due in More Than One Yea Notes Payable Capital Lease Payable	ır 	-		2,424,145 4,213		2,424,145 4,213
Total Noncurrent Liabilities				2,428,358		2,428,358
Total Liabilities		119,272		4,364,218	-	4,483,490
NET POSITION						
				E CE7 EE0		E 657 550
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Endowments		1,001,936		5,657,550		5,657,550 1,001,936
Unrestricted		312,680	1	1,083,429)	1	770,749)
Officatificted		012,000	\	1,000,120)	\	770,710)
Total Net Position		1,314,616	-	4,574,121		5,888,737
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	1,433,888	\$	8,938,339	\$	10,372,227

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Program
Functions / Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services
Governmental Activities: General Administration Development and Sustaining Capital Campaign and Endowment Fundraising	\$	35,825 10,912 159 98,408	\$	-
Total Governmental Activities	and the second	145,304		
Business-Type Activities: Rialto Square Theatre Rialto Office Complex Two Rialto Square		3,535,679 715,015 397,929	(-	2,662,238 296,037 432,498
Total Business-Type Activities		4,648,623	(*)	3,390,773
Total	\$	4,793,927	\$	3,390,773

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Rev	enues			Changes in Net Assets								
(Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total			
\$	53,071 69,960 13,655 175,851	\$	-	\$	17,246 59,048 13,496 77,443	\$		\$	17,246 59,048 13,496 77,443			
-	312,537				167,233	1		-	167,233			
	72,987 1,595,558		: :			(800,454) 1,176,580 34,569	(800,454) 1,176,580 34,569			
	1,668,545		-		7 =		410,695		410,695			
\$	1,981,082	\$	-		167,233	-	410,695		577,928			
Int Co Tra	neral Revenue erest and Inventributions to ansfers Total General	estment Perman	ent Funds	(30,797 7,773 249,217)		616 - 249,217		31,413 7,773			
	Transfers			(210,647)		249,833	-	39,186			
	Change in Ne	t Positio	n	(43,414)		660,528	2	617,114			
Net	Position - Beg	ginning			1,358,030		3,913,593	-	5,271,623			
Net	Position - End	ding		\$	1,314,616	\$	4,574,121	\$	5,888,737			

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

	General Fund			Endowment Fund		
ASSETS Cash Investments Pledges Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable Grant Advance Internal Receivables Inventory	\$	154,025 1,425 833 - 9,456 378,314 9,847	\$	109,803 980,600 17,007 5 - 110,160		
Total Assets	\$	553,900	\$	1,217,575		
LIABILITIES Unearned Revenue Internal Payables Due to Volunteers Total Liabilities	\$	2,500 213,098 116,674 332,272	\$	98 124,489 - 124,587		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Endowments Assigned to: General Fund for Future Operations Budgetary Deficits Unassigned		- 201,417 - 20,211	-	1,001,936 - 82,386 8,666		
Total Fund Balance	-	221,628	-	1,092,988		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	553,900	\$	1,217,575		

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Funds	<u>-</u>	
\$ 263,828 982,025 17,840	Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,314,616
5 9,456 488,474	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are currently the same as amounts reported in this statement.	 -
9,847	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,314,616
\$ 1,771,475		
\$ 2,598 337,587 116,674		
456,859		
1,001,936		
201,417 82,386 28,877		
1,314,616		
\$ 1,771,47 <u>5</u>		

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General Fund	En	dowment Fund
Revenue		<u> </u>		
Grants	\$	1,500	\$	-
Fundraising		164,851		11,000
Sustaining Fund		69,960		
Donations		17,571		⇔ t
Endowment Donations		-		13,655
Sponsorship Donations		34,000		<u>₩</u> 8
Preservation Dues		=		7,773
Dividends		5,249		8,219
Other Investment Income		-		13,902
Interest		101		32
Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Investments	(10,327)		13,621
Total Revenue		282,905		68,202
Expenditures				
Fundraising		94,937		3,471
Professional Fees		7,800		=:
Office Supplies		2,777		•
Development Expenditures		2,541		
Sustaining Fund Expenditures		8,371		-
Souvenir Expenditures		-		128
Miscellaneous		13,109		31
Trust Fees	-	320		11,819
Total Expenditures		129,855	_	15,449
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	-	153,050		52,753
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(224,708)	(24,509)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(71,658)		28,244
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	-	293,286	(description)	1,064,744
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	221,628	\$	1,092,988

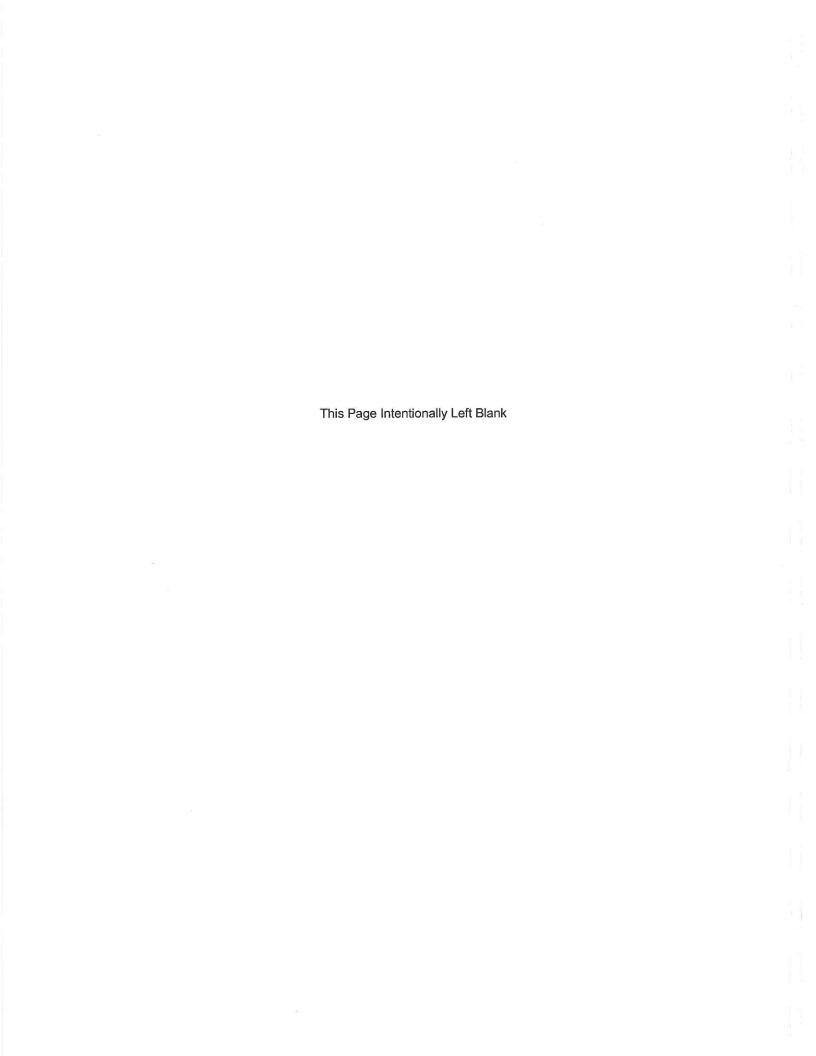
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Total Governmental Funds			
	4.500	Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	(\$	43,414)
	\$ 1,500 175,851	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
	69,960	Statement of Activities are currently the same as		
	17,571 13,655	amounts reported in this statement.	-	
	34,000	Change in Net Position of Governmental Funds	(\$	43,414)
	7,773		\ <u></u>	
	13,468			
	13,902 133			
	3,294			
	351,107			
	331,107			
	98,408			
	7,800 2,777			
	2,541			
	8,371 128			
	13,140			
	12,139			
	145,304			
	205,803			
0	(249,217)			
((43,414)			
	1,358,030			
	\$ 1,314,616			

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities	
	E	nterprise Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	671,653
Trade Receivables		48,573
Accounts Receivable Other		15,751
Prepaid Expenses		186,116
Internal Receivables		313,870
inventory		26,862
Total Current Assets	£	1,262,825
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Land		580,737
Buildings		13,791,221
Building Improvements		6,720,107 1,057,633
Furniture and Equipment Construction in Progress		2,519,745
On Structural Trogress	£.	24,669,443
Less Accumulated Depreciation		16,529,172
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 	8,140,271
Total Assets	\$	9,403,096

	Business-Type Activities
	Enterprise Fund
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Accrued Payroll and Benefits Long-Term Obligations, Due Within One Year Notes Payable Capital Lease Payable Due to Bondholders Unearned Revenue Internal Payables Other	\$ 573,342 127,821 60,250 2,447 62,713 1,034,849 464,757 74,438
Total Current Liabilities	2,400,617
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-Term Obligations, Due in More Than One Year Notes Payable Capital Lease Payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,424,145 4,213 2,428,358
Total Liabilities	4,828,975
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	5,657,550 (1,083,429)
Total Net Position	4,574,121
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 9,403,096



Statement of Revenue, Expense, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	siness-Type Activities
Operating Revenue		Enterprise Fund
Rentals and Reimbursements - Office and Commercial	\$	705,479
Theatre Related Revenue	*	2,657,884
Other	Wasaine.	27,410
Total Operating Revenue		3,390,773
Operating Expense		
Salaries		1,297,475
Benefits		261,836
Professional Services		30,851
Advertising and Promotion		364,750
Administrative		47,101
Insurance		162,855
Real Estate Expense		1,241
Custodial and Maintenance		173,004
Utilities		283,249
Artist Fees		530,632
House Expense		291,668
Production Expense		653,737
Depreciation		412,435
Total Operating Expense		4,510,834
Operating (Loss)	(1,120,061)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		
Interest Income		616
Interest Expense	(137,789)
Support from City of Joliet		600,000
State Grants		995,558
In-Kind Contributions	(72,987
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	30	1,531,372
Net Income Before Transfers		411,311
Transfers		
Transfers In	5 	249,217
Change in Net Position		660,528
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	-	3,913,593
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$	4,574,121

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Customers and Donors Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Employees Services	\$ 3,979,048 (2,683,413) (1,526,468)
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	(230,833)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Received on Investments	616
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	616
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Support from the City of Joliet Payments from Other Funds	600,000 389,646
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	989,646
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchases of Capital Assets Proceeds from State Grant Payments of Long-Term Debt Payments of Interest	(1,429,763) 1,073,344 (68,672) (137,789)
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(562,880)
Net Increase in Cash	196,549
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	475,104
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 671,653

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise	
		Fund
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating (Loss)	(\$	1,120,061)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	\ <u>+</u>	.,,
Depreciation		412,435
In-Kind Contributions		14,237
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Trade Receivables		68,239
Accounts Receivable Other	(15,751)
Prepaid Expenses		9,810
Inventory		3,589
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(136,131)
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		32,843
Deferred Revenue	100	535,787
Other Payables	(35,830)
Total Adjustments	•	889,228
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	(\$	230,833)
Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Donated Equipment	\$	58,750

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Introduction

The Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (the Authority) was created under Illinois Public Act 80-909. The original purpose of the Authority was to rehabilitate and restore a historic building, the Rialto Square Theatre. Duties of the Authority consisted of promoting, operating and maintaining expositions and conventions in the metropolitan area for industrial, cultural, educational, theatrical, sports, trade and scientific exhibits and to construct, equip and maintain auditoriums and exposition buildings for such purposes. In 1982, the Act was amended to allow the Authority to lease property as an owner and change the Authority name from Joliet to Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority.

The accounting policies and the presentation of the basic financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

A component unit is included in a primary government's reporting entity if it is both fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is potential for the component unit to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the above criterion, the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority, for the year ended June 30, 2015, has met the definition of a component unit of the City of Joliet. The considerations for the Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority to be a component unit of the City of Joliet are: selection of a majority of the governing board; ability to significantly influence the program, projects, activities and level of service; and financial accountability.

Blended Component Unit

The Rialto Square Theatre Foundation is a legally separate, tax exempt organization. The Foundation operates exclusively for charitable or educational purposes to support the Authority. The Authority provides the staffing to and funds various overhead costs of the Foundation. The Foundation is included as a blended component unit because the Authority has operational responsibility for them and the purpose of the Foundation is to provide a benefit to the Authority. Separate statements may be obtained from the Authority administrative office, 15 East Van Buren Street, Joliet, Illinois 60432. The Authority did not omit from the financial statements any board or agency that met any inclusion criteria.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue and nonexchange revenue. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Authority's funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within these two categories. Currently, all funds of the Authority are considered major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Authority (General Fund) or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Authority are financed. The Authority's expendable financial resources (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the Authority's governmental funds:

<u>General Fund (Major Fund)</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Endowment Fund (Major Fund) - The Board of Directors of the Rialto Square Theatre Foundation established the Rialto Square Theatre Endowment Fund on January 1, 1989. The fund is to be supported through public gifts and contributions. The nonexpendable portion of this fund cannot be used or invaded for any purpose other than those specified by the donor. The expendable portion of this fund is used to account for the unrestricted earnings on the endowment fund that have not been expended or transferred to another fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing organizations and activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon determination of net income. The Authority's proprietary fund is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Enterprise Fund (Major Fund) - The Enterprise Fund provides for the operation of the Rialto Square Theatre and for the leasing of commercial property in the downtown Joliet area.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement or the "economic resources" measurement is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Authority and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Authority.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within sixty days or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In applying the susceptible-to-accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible-to-accrual criteria are met.

Charges for services and miscellaneous revenues (except for investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Revenues from Federal and State grants and similar programs are recognized when the Authority has done everything necessary to establish its right to the revenue. Usually, this is at the time an expenditure has been incurred for an authorized purpose.

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resources focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

Use of Resources Policy

The Authority considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted balances are available. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered to have been spent in that order when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. Expenditures incurred for a specifically identified purpose will reduce the specifically identified classification of fund balance.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated on the basis of historical cost. Major capital asset additions are financed primarily from debt proceeds. Assets acquired through gifts or donations are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of acquisition. The Authority has established a capitalization threshold of \$2,500 for buildings and improvements and \$2,500 for furniture and equipment.

Depreciation of all exhaustible property, plant and equipment used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of 5 to 50 years using the straight-line method.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Budgets

State statute does not require the Authority to adopt a budget; therefore, budgetary information is not presented in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments of the Authority are stated at fair value (See note 2). Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Inventory

Inventory is carried at cost. Cost being determined on the first in first out basis.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2015 consists of theatre deposits, rotunda deposits, gift certificates, tickets on account, and ticket sales for future events.

Advertising Costs

It is the Authority's policy to include in prepaid expenses amounts spent for advertising which relate to future performances. These amounts are then expensed when the related revenue is recognized. All other advertising costs are expensed when incurred.

Fund Balance

Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported using five separate classifications as listed below. The Authority may not necessarily utilize each classification in a given fiscal year.

l'.onspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventory in the General Fund or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact, such as the Endowment Fund.

Restricted Fund Balance – Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution) by the Authority's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are constrained by the Authority's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the Board of Directors. With the exception of the General Fund, assigned fund balance is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

Deposits

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$925,581 and the bank balance was \$1,045,173. Additionally, the Authority maintained cash on hand of \$9,900.

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, \$249,734 of the Authority's bank balances were not insured or fully collateralized.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2015, the Authority held investments in twenty mutual funds (four of which represent 5 percent or more of the total investments as depicted in the schedule on the following page).

Interest Rate Risk – The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – The Authority's investment policy requires that short-term investments may only be invested in:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

2. Cash and Investments

- Certificates of deposit issued by the state and national banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions domiciled in Joliet, IL, that are: a) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, other deposit insurance agencies, or their successors; or b) secured by the pledge of securities in the same manner as is required by the depository bank.
- 2) Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 3) Direct obligations of the State of Illinois or its agencies.
- 4) Other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Illinois or the United States.
- 5) Fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described above.
- 6) Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Unrealized gains were \$3,294. All investments are expected to be held until maturity.

	_ <u>_</u> F	% of Total Investments	
Government Money Market Funds	\$	15,434	1.57%
Equities		25,657	2.61%
Mutual Funds		145,179	14.78%
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		197,458	20.11%
First Midwest Equity Funds		298,410	30.39%
First Midwest Fixed Income Funds	2	299,887	<u>30.54</u> %
Total Investments	\$	982,025	100.00%

A reconciliation of the Authority's cash and investment balances as reported in the Statements of Net Position and the deposits and investments presented in this note is as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

2. Cash and Investments

	De	eposits	Inv	estments		Total
Reported as Cash: Savings and Demand						
Deposit Accounts	\$	734,569	\$	1 48	\$	734,569
Certificates of Deposit	****	46,032		-		46,032
Money Market Funds		144,980		=0		144,980
Cash on Hand		9,900		<u> </u>		9,900
Total Reported as Cash		935,481		-:		935,481
Reported as Investments:						
Government Money Market Funds		-		15,434		15,434
Equities				25,657		25,657
Mutual Funds		-		145,179		145,179
Fixed Income Mutual Funds				197,458		197,458
First Midwest Equity Funds		-		298,410		298,410
First Midwest Fixed Income Funds				299,887		299,887
Total Reported as Investments				982,025	ž	982,025
Total Cash and Investments	\$	935,481	\$	982,025	\$	1,917,506
Reconciliation of Cash and Investments:						
Statement of Net Position Cash - Page 10			\$	907,860		
Statement of Net Position Cash - Restricted -	Page 10			27,621		
Statement of Net Position Investments - Page				43,516		
Statement of Net Position Investments - Restr		age 10	-	938,509		
		**************************************	\$	1,917,506		

3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent assets of the nonexpendable portion of the Endowment Fund.

4. Due to Bondholders

Due to Bondholders represents outstanding bonds related to Series 1983 support bonds issued. The balance includes bonds and coupons which have not been cancelled to date.

5. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Authority are entitled to paid vacation, sick and personal days off. Sick and personal time does not accrue from year to year and is only paid if used. The liability for earned but unpaid vacation of \$47,903 has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as part of accrued expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Balances July 1, 2014	7-2	Additions		Deletions	Jı	Balances une 30, 2015
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	d:							
Land	\$	580,737	\$	-	\$	-	\$	580,737
Construction in Progress		1,090,290		1,429,455		(-)		2,519,745
Subtotal	50	1,671,027	-	1,429,455		-	N. Carlot	3,100,482
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		13,791,221		-		75.		13,791,221
Building Improvements		6,720,107		-		-		6,720,107
Furniture and Equipment		998,893		58,750		10		1,057,633
Total at Historical Cost		23,181,248		1,488,205		10		24,669,443
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		12,870,312		68,206		-		12,938,518
Building Improvements		2,680,502		293,431		-		2,973,933
Furniture and Equipment		565,931		50,800		10		616,721
Total Accumulated Depreciation		16,116,745		412,437	_	10	ile si	16,529,172
Net Capital Assets	\$	7,064,503	\$	1,075,768	\$		<u>\$</u>	8,140,271

7. Retirement Fund

The Authority contributes to the Central Pension Fund (CPF), a defined benefit pension program, for employees who are members of the International Union of Operating Engineers.

The Authority contributed \$2.65 per hour, up to 40 hours a week, for each participant. Payments for the year to CPF totaled \$23,259.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and the related GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB No. 68, became applicable for the Authority's year end June 30, 2015. The Statements require the Authority to record a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions in its financial statements. Additionally, the new statements require changes to the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Based on the number of employees, management of the Authority does not consider the effects of implementing GASB Nos. 68 and 71 to be material to the June 30, 2015 financial statements; therefore, no adjustments or additional disclosures have been made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

8. Going Concern

Because the Authority has sustained substantial operating losses in previous and very recent years, the Authority's financial statements have been presented on the basis that it is a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Authority's management has taken steps to continually review both the commercial and theatre operations to find efficiencies and savings in operational costs. This includes but is not limited to cost containment processes, creation of corporate sponsorships, generation of new programs which may create cash revenues to support the operations and rental rate and product rate increases. Additional commercial leasing is being pursued to further enhance the commercial operations of the Authority. Management expects these efforts along with seeking ways to add new revenue streams will provide the opportunity for the Authority to continue as a going concern.

The Authority has engaged professional services to conduct an appraisal study as it contemplates the sale of one of its standalone commercial properties all the while exploring opportunities of outsourcing management of its operations, as well as the restructuring its business plan and future staffing needs. The Authority is also researching alternative dedicated funding resources via any and all available philanthropic and governmental opportunities.

9. Grants and Awards

The Authority receives a substantial amount of its support from the City of Joliet. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an adverse effect on the Authority's programs and activities.

10. Leases

The Authority is the lessor under operating leases expiring in various years.

The following is a summary of property on lease at June 30, 2015:

_	
\$	2,956,626
-	1,831,189
	4,787,815
_	3,912,857
\$	874,958
	\$

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

10. Leases

Minimum future rentals to be received on non-cancelable leases as of June 30, 2015 for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are:

2016	\$ 682,33	1
2017	535,66	2
2018	490,70	2
2019	437,96	2
2020	379,33	0
	\$ 2.525.98	7

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$71,051.

11. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To cover itself against these risks, the Authority has purchased insurance through several insurance companies.

The Authority accounts for its risk financing activities in the Enterprise Fund. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the last three years.

12. Interfund Balances and Transfers

At June 30, 2015, interfund balances were as follows:

	Interfund						
<u>Fund</u>	Re	Payable					
General Fund Enterprise Fund Endowment Fund	\$	378,310 4	\$	189,415 23,683			
Enterprise Fund General Fund Endowment Fund		189,415 124,455		378,310 86,447			
Endowment Fund General Fund Enterprise Fund		23,683 86,447		4 124,455			
Grand Total	\$	802,314	\$	802,314			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

12. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Interfund						
<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	Transfers Out					
General Fund Enterprise Fund	\$ -	\$ 224,708					
Enterprise Fund General Fund Endowment Fund	224,708 24,509	-					
Endowment Fund Enterprise Fund		24,509					
	\$ 249,217	\$ 249,217					

13. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2015 consists of the following:

\$2,658,251 Promissory Note, dated December 28, 2011, due on January 1, 2017 with a fixed interest rate of 5.0%. The note requires fifty nine monthly payments, beginning February 1, 2012, principal and interest of \$15,090 each, and one irregular last payment estimated at \$2,412,963 due on January 1, 2017. The balance due on this loan at June 30, 2015 was \$2,476,061.

\$19,137 Promissory Note, dated September 9, 2013, due on September 9, 2016 with a fixed interest rate of 5.5%. The note requires thirty five monthly payments, beginning October 9, 2013, principal and interest of \$578 each. The balance due on this loan at June 30, 2015 was \$8,334.

Cash paid for interest was \$137,789 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Interest expense has been included in the direct expenses of individual functions on the government-wide statement of activities. Authorization for general long-term debt is specific to a particular purpose; thus, an objective connection can be made to a specific program. All interest on long-term debt is reported as a direct expense of the program for which borrowing is related.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

13. Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2014			Additions	Balances June 30, 2015		
Business-Type Activities							
Promissory Note,							
Dated December 28, 2011	\$	2,536,354	\$	8.5	\$ 60,293	\$	2,476,061
Promissory Note,							
Dated September 9, 2013		14,630		0 	6,296		8,334
Total	\$	2,550,984	\$		\$ 66,589	\$	2,484,395

As of June 30, 2015, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Notes Payable						
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest				
2016	\$	60,250	\$	112,683			
2017		2,424,145	9	70,234			
Total Requirements	\$	2,484,395	\$	182,917			

14. Capital Lease

The following lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date in the Statement of Net Position. Total assets purchased under the lease amount to \$11,428. Changes in lease obligations during the year were as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

14. Capital Lease

Capital Lease Obligations	Bala July 1	10.0-707	_lssu	ances	Payı	ments_	Bala June 30	1.11.57
\$16,835 Lease for Phone Equipment, dated November 2, 2012, due in monthly installments through November 2017, interest at 16.18%.	\$	8,743	\$	=	\$	2,083	\$	6,660

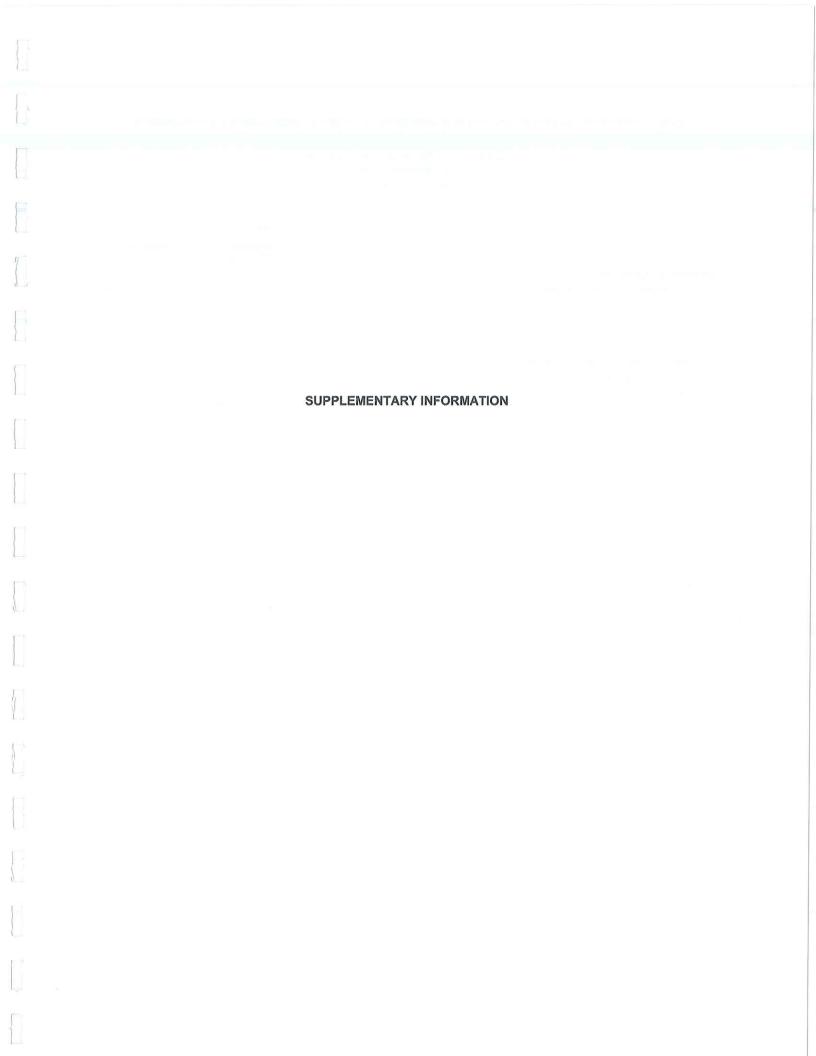
The future minimum lease obligations and the present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Due in Fiscal Year	Lease Payments		
2016	\$	3,348	
2017		3,348	
2018		1,395	
Subtotal		8,091	
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,431)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	6,660	

Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

15. Commitment and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2015, the Authority had entered into an outstanding construction commitment of approximately \$2,153,220 for the terra cotta repair project. The Authority has incurred approximately \$1,994,642 of costs for this project leaving a remaining commitment of \$158,578.



Schedule of Revenue and Expense Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

ii a		Rialto Square Theatre	c	Rialto Office Complex
Operating Revenue		***		
Office and Commercial Rent	\$	-	\$	262,645
Utility Reimbursement		=		10,356
Theatre Rent		96,315		
Rotunda Rent		106,658		
Theatre Rental Reimbursement		101,178		_
Rotunda Rental Reimbursement		4,513		-
Other Rental Reimbursement		1,500		
Preservation Fees		106,408		-
Ticket Income		1,721,990		-
Bar Income		236,713		-
Commissions Income		80,834		=
Tour Income		3,297		-
Box Office Handling Fees		127,098		-
Participant Income		52,846		-
Show Program Advertising		15,475		
Dinner Packages		3,059		-
Other Income	-	4,354		23,036
Total Operating Revenue		2,662,238	:	296,037
Operating Expense Salaries				
Administrative		305,416		27,853
Engineer		135,123		64,502
Maintenance		41,784		1,928
Office		229,471		13,064
Theatre House		152,958		14
Theatre Stage		243,687	-	-
Total Salaries		1,108,439		107,347

Total Rialto Complex		Two Rialto Square		Total Enterprise Fund
\$ 262,648 10,356 96,318 106,658 101,178 4,513 1,500 106,408 1,721,990 236,713 80,834 3,297 127,098 52,846 15,478 3,059 27,390		429,636 2,842 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	692,281 13,198 96,315 106,658 101,178 4,513 1,500 106,408 1,721,990 236,713 80,834 3,297 127,098 52,846 15,475 3,059 27,410
2,958,275	<u> </u>	432,498	1.50	3,390,773
333,269 199,625 43,712 242,535 152,958 243,687	; ! ;	27,854 40,790 - 13,045 -	1	361,123 240,415 43,712 255,580 152,958 243,687
1,215,786		81,689	-	1,297,475

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenue and Expense Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Rialto Square Theatre	Rialto Office Complex
Benefits State U/C Tax Pension (Union) Employer FICA Health Insurance Education Allowance	\$ 18,38 13,30 87,42 90,38 1,92	4 6,053 5 7,858 4 14,719
Total Benefits	211,41	8 29,573
Professional Services Accounting and Legal Other Total Professional Services	16,02 16,02	9,551
Advertising and Promotion Public Relations Marketing/Rental Property Institutional Advertising Show Program Expense Event Marketing In-Kind Advertising Tour Expense	2,95 7,43 28,91 11,28 309,55 75 3,32	6 - 0 - 5 - 9 - 0 -
Total Advertising and Promotion	364,22	2 226
Administrative Expense Office Supply (Non Print) Small Equipment Equipment Rental Postage and Freight Travel License and Permits Computer Supplies Other Membership Fees	9,66 3,50 1,89 2,47 5,04 2,07 7,85 6,87 1,01	4 438 3 495 6 255 9 82 5 - 5 1,040 2 291
Total Administrative Expense	40,40	2 3,588

Total Rialto Complex	Two Rialto Square	Total Enterprise Fund
\$ 19,088 19,357 95,283 105,103 2,160	\$ 444 3,902 6,065 10,194 240	\$ 19,532 23,259 101,348 115,297 2,400
240,991	20,845	261,836
17,900 9,551	3,400	21,300 9,551
27,451	3,400	30,851
3,182 7,436 28,910 11,285 309,559 750 3,326	226 76 - - - - -	3,408 7,512 28,910 11,285 309,559 750 3,326
364,448	302	364,750
10,620 3,942 2,388 2,731 5,131 2,075 8,895 7,163 1,045	945 438 31 255 82 - 1,040 290 30	11,565 4,380 2,419 2,986 5,213 2,075 9,935 7,453 1,075
43,990	3,111	47,101

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenue and Expense Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Rialto Square Theatre	Rialto Office Complex
Insurance Insurance	\$ 65,585	\$ 44,911
Total Insurance	65,585	44,911
Real Estate Expense Real Estate Taxes		
Total Real Estate Expense		
Custodial and Maintenance Custodial Supplies General Maintenance/Repairs Cleaning Service	13,382 20,601 	3,137 32,443 24,307
Total Custodial and Maintenance	33,983	59,887
Utilities Electricity Water Gas Telephone Total Utilities	25,286 2,642 13,497 18,366 59,791	75,864 5,211 25,020 7,449 113,544
Artists Fees Regular Artist Fees Opening Acts Artist Fees Contracted Musicians	526,511 500 3,621	
Total Artists Fees	530,632	

Total Rialto Complex		Two Rialto Square	Er	Total nterprise Fund
\$ 110,4	96 \$	52,359	\$	162,855
110,4	96	52,359		162,855
		1,241		1,241
	_	1,241	(1,241
16,5 53,0 24,3 93,8	44 07	3,182 32,660 43,292 79,134		19,701 85,704 67,599 173,004
101,1 7,8 38,5 25,8	53 17	101,612 2,806 - 5,496		202,762 10,659 38,517 31,311
173,3	35	109,914		283,249
526,5 5 3,6	00	<u>-</u>		526,511 500 3,621
530,6	32			530,632

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenue and Expense Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Rialto Square Theatre	Rialto Office Complex
House Expense			
Liquor and Beer	\$	43,642	\$ (*** *
Beverage		7,116	-
Bar Supplies		14,332	-
Bar/Souvenir Salaries		70,054	-
Sales Tax		22,434	-
Ticketing Expense		44,324	
Credit Card Charges		48,525	=
Security		11,803	-
Reimbursement/Rental Expense		10,172	-
Souvenir Expense		4,085	=
Dinner Package Expense		2,134	-
Volunteer Program Expense		5,742	_
Hospitality Suite Expense		6,373	_
Miscellaneous)) <u>11</u>	932	 -
Total House Expense	T	291,668	
Production Expense			
Royalties		5,521	-
Transportation Artist		9,324	-
Accommodations Artist		12,856	_
Food Artist		20,568	-
Instrument Tuning		350	_
Supplies		6,690	-
Musical Instrument Rental		2,465	-
Production Equipment Rental		65,903	-
Rotunda Equipment Purchase		2,182	=
Production Equipment Purchase		5,992	=
Theatre Rental Reimbursement Expense		13,537	=
Production Expense Other		508,349	
Total Production Expense		653,737	-

Total Rialto omplex		Two Rialto Square	E:	Total nterprise Fund
\$ 43,642	\$		\$	43,642
7,116		2=		7,116
14,332) =		14,332
70,054				70,054
22,434		_		22,434
44,324		-		44,324
48,525		-		48,525
11,803		_		11,803
10,172		3 = 1		10,172
4,085		-		4,085
2,134		3 55 .		2,134
5,742		-		5,742
6,373		-		6,373
932	_	-		932
291,668	-	-	- H	291,668
5,521				5,521
9,324		-		9,324
12,856		-		12,856
20,568		-		20,568
350		-		350
6,690		-		6,690
2,465		₩:		2,465
65,903		-		65,903
2,182				2,182
5,992		 0		5,992
13,537		=		13,537
 508,349				508,349
 653,737				653,737

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenue and Expense Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Rialto Square Theatre		Rialto Office Complex
Total Operating Expense Before Depreciation	\$	3,375,897	\$	370,507
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(713,659)	(74,470)
Depreciation		159,266		207,300
Operating Income (Loss)	(872,925)	(281,770)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) Interest Income Interest Expense Support from City of Joliet State Grants In-Kind Contributions Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	(93 516) - - 72,987 72,564		523 137,208) 600,000 995,558
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(800,361)		1,177,103
Transfers In	-	249,217		
Change in Net Position	(<u>\$</u>	551,144)	<u>\$</u>	1,177,103

	Total Rialto Complex		Two Rialto Square		Total Enterprise Fund
\$	3,746,404	\$	351,995	\$	4,098,399
(788,129)		80,503	(_	707,626)
	366,566		45,869		412,435
(1,154,695)	-	34,634	(1,120,061)
(616 137,724) 600,000 995,558 72,987	(- 65) - -	(616 137,789) 600,000 995,558 72,987
	1,531,437	(65)	_	1,531,372
	376,742		34,569		411,311
(249,217	8 	V II	_	249,217
\$	625,959	\$	34,569	\$	660,528

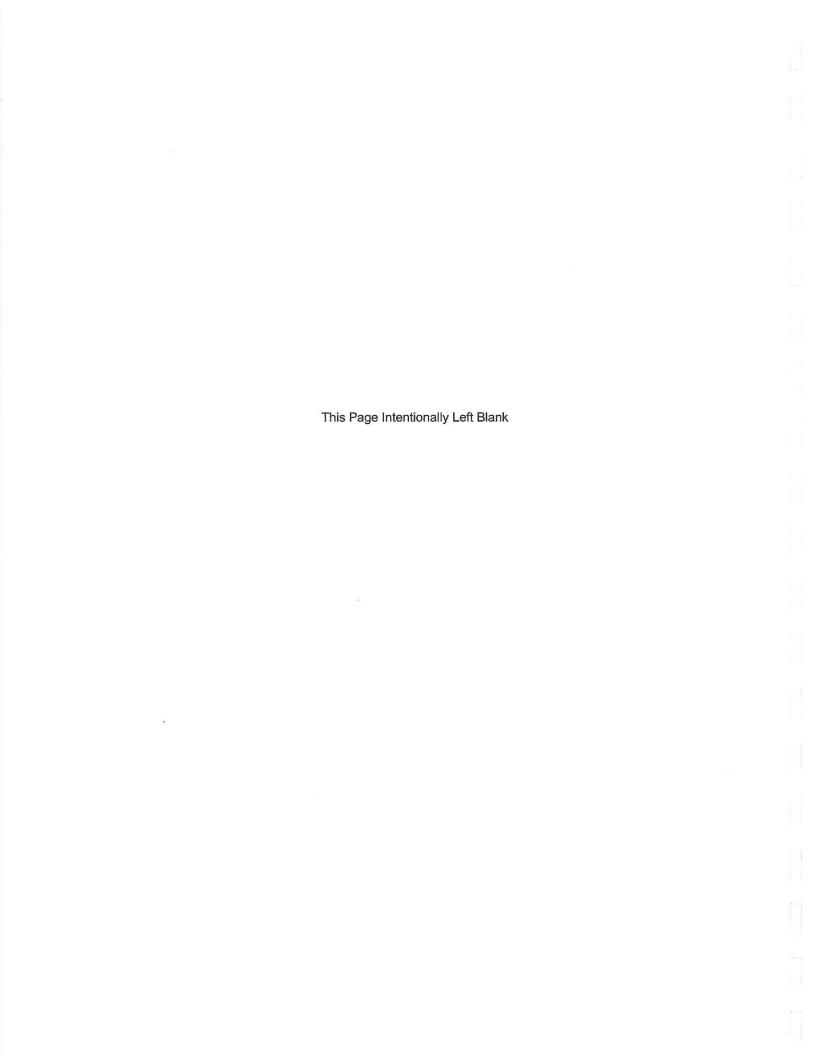
Schedule of Insurance Data (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

Below is a schedule of the Authority's insurance in effect at June 30, 2015.

Insurance	Carrier	Expiration Date
Property	Philadelphia Insurance Company	4/2/2016
\$64,235,782	Property Coverage - Rialto Building, Terminal Building, Joliet Building Annex Building	
\$675,800 \$150,000 \$3,000,000 \$100,000 \$10,000	Business Personal Property Personal Property of Others Business Income Fidelity Bond Theft, Premises, Messenger and Safe	
Liability	Philadelphia Insurance Company	4/2/2016
\$1,000,000	Liability Coverage	
Comprehensive Umbrella Liability	Philadelphia Insurance Company	4/2/2016
\$10,000,000		
Workmen's Compensation and Employer's Liability	Michigan Commercial Insurance Mutual	10/16/2015
\$500,000	Bodily Injury by Accident Each Accident	
\$500,000	Bodily Injury by Disease Each Employee	
\$500,000	Bedily Injury by Disease Policy Limit	
Liquor Liability	Philadelphia Insurance Company	4/2/2016
\$1,000,000	Bodily Injury, Means of Support and Property Damage Combined	
		(Continued)

Schedule of Insurance Data (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

<u>Insurance</u>	<u>Carrier</u>	Expiration Date
Operating Engineers Health Benefits	IUOE Local 399	Monthly
\$1,000,000	Personal and Advertising Injury Liability	
\$1,000,000	Non-owned and Hired Auto Liability	
\$500,000	Fire and Water Damage	
\$5,000	Each Personal Medical Limit	
\$10,000	Each Occurrence Medical Payment Limit	
Building	Number of Tenants	
Two Rialto Square	12	
Rialto Office Complex	4	



WERMER, ROGERS, DORAN & RUZON LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

755 ESSINGTON ROAD, JOLIET, ILLINOIS 60435 • 815/730-6250 • FAX 815/730-6257 • WWW.WRDR.COM

October 19, 2015

MAY 2 4 2016

To the Board of Directors Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority Joliet, Illinois

Communication with Those Charged with Governance during Planning

We are engaged to audit the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities and each major fund of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 15, 2012, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to RSI, which supplement the basic financial statements, is to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI will not be audited and, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We have been engaged to report on the supplementary information, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. Our responsibility for this supplementary information, as described by professional standards, is to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We have not been engaged to report on the other schedules, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Our responsibility with respect to this other information in documents containing the audited financial statements and auditor's report does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the report. We have no responsibility for determining whether this other information is properly stated. This other information will not be audited and we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Planned Scope, Timing of the Audit, and Other

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; therefore, our audit will involve judgment about the number of transactions to be examined and the areas to be tested.

Our audit will include obtaining an understanding of the entity and its environment, including internal control, sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures. Material misstatements may result from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the entity or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the entity. We will generally communicate our significant findings at the conclusion of the audit. However, some matters could be communicated sooner, particularly if significant difficulties are encountered during the audit where assistance is needed to overcome the difficulties or if the difficulties

2			

may lead to a modified opinion. We will also communicate any internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under professional standards.

We expect to begin our audit on approximately October 19, 2015 and issue our report on approximately January 31, 2016. Mary Lancaster is the engagement partner and is responsible for supervising the engagement and signing the report or authorizing another individual to sign it.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Wermer, agen, Dean & augm, L.L.C.

e.			

WWW.WRDR.COM

May 24, 2016

MAY 2 4 2016

To the Board of Directors Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority Joliet, Illinois

Communication with Those Charged with Governance at the Conclusion of the Audit

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (Authority) for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 19, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2015. We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the Authority's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets is based on historical experience. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. We have attached a list of adjustments at the end of this letter, which were corrected by management. Many of the adjustments relate to classifications for financial reporting purposes and adjustments to record capital assets and long-term debt activity.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 24, 2016.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the other schedules, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely.

Wermer, Roger, Down & Rugon, L.L.C.

AJE No.	Account Description	W/P Ref	Account Number	Lead	Sublead	Debits	Credits
2 2	MARLIN BIZ BANK PHONE LOAN RA INTEREST EXPENSE	2500.04a	2-1-25800 6-1-47104	5100 7300		1,264.65	1,264.65
To adj	ust capital lease payable to agree to	payment so	chedule.				
4 4	CONSTRUCTION IN PROCESS-RA RETAINAGE PAYABLE	2200.07	1-1-13980 2-1-25902	2900 4100		104,981.16	104,981.16
To rec	ord retainage payable.						
6 6	A/R OTHER CITY OF JOLIET/STATE OF IL	4000.06a	1-1-11080 6-1-80000	2311 6301		77,786.19	77,786.19
To cor	rect balance in accounts receivable -	other acco	ount.				
7 7	EQUIPMENT RST ROT EQUIP PURCHASE	4000.08	1-1-13300 5-1-52652	3200 7200		476.00	476.00
To agr	ee WCMEAA GIK received from RSTF Volu	inteers to E	RSTF Voluntee	er's reco	rds (banquet	tables).	
8	BOX OFFICE SALARY ACCRUED PAYROLL	145.02	5-1-40402 2-1-22200	7203 4200		4,927.51	4,927.51
PBC En	try - To accrue additional BO Salary	to Kari Mi	lls at year e	end .			
9 9 9 9	RST LIQUOR BEER EXPENSE RST BEVERAGE EXPENSE RST BAR SUPPLIES SUPPLIES REGULAR BAR INVENTORY	145.02	5-1-52002 5-1-52012 5-1-52022 5-1-53502 1-1-12300	7200 7200 7200 7213 2500		5,021.47 177.14	960.88 649.20 3,588.53
PBC En	try - To adjust year-end inventory fo	or bar and	green room.				
10 10 10 10 10 10	RSTC GRANTS FOR RST OPERATIONS PARTICIPANT FEES RSTC GRANTS FOR RST OPERATIONS PARTICIPANT FEES RSTC GRANTS FOR RST OPERATIONS TICKET INCOME RSTC GRANTS FOR RST OPERATIONS	2000.05	6-1-70622 4-1-32021 6-1-70622 4-1-32021 6-1-70622 4-1-32001 6-1-70622	6601 6200 6601 6200 6601 6202 6601		25,000.00 7,500.00 1,500.00	25,000.00 7,500.00 1,500.00 4,999.25 1,781.27
10 10	RSTC GRANTS FOR RST OPERATIONS THEATRE RENTAL REIMB INCOME		6-1-70622 4-1-31042	6601 6200		6,780.52	1,701.27
To cor	rect related party accounts between t	NCMEAA & RS'	rc.				
18 18 18	PREPAID EXPENSES OTHER N/P FCB USF/HOSPITALITY RA INTEREST EXPENSE lass July 2015 principal and interes	1500.02	1-1-11750 2-1-25500 6-1-47104	2600 4501 7300		4,751.40 10,338.69	15,090.09
		60					
	Totals					250,504.73	250,504.73

Addusting Journal Entries Fund 60 - General Rialto WCMEAA/RSTC June 30, 2015

AJE No.	Account Description	W/P Ref	Account Number	Lead	Sublead	Debits	Credits
15 15	CAP CAMP PLEDGES RECEIVABLE GEN OTHER INCOME	3000.01	1-4-11300R 4-1-30802R	23200 65000		0.01	0.01
To eli	minate pledges receivable.						
16 16	GEN OTHER INCOME VOL OTHER INCOME	3000.01	4-1-30802R 4-3-30802R	65000 60000		20.00	37.44
16	ENDOW INTEREST INCOME		6-2-31002R	65500		17.44	
To bal	ance funds.						
17	ENDOW DUE FROM GENERAL FUND	1100.06	1-2-11006R	23850		7,773.35	7 772 25
17 17	ENDOW %AGE OF PRZRVTN DUES GRANT TO ENDOWMENT		6-2-70012R 6-1-40102R	060110 060040		7,773.35	7,773.35
17	GEN FUND DUE TO ENDOWMENT		2-1-20120R	44750			7,773.35
To rec	ord 10% of star dues receivable						
	Totals				-	15,584.15	15,584.15

AJE No.	Account Description	W/P Ref	Account Number	Lead	Sublead	Debits	Credits
12 12	MSB # 01000025209 PRO INT CKG VOL FUND PREPAID EXPENSES	1400.01	1-3-10050R 1-3-11800R	21000 26000		42,360.00	42,360.00
To adj	just cash and prepaids for held chec	k.					
14 14	VOL SOUVENIR EXPENSE (r) VOL FUND INVENTORY	1300.02	5-3-52062R 1-3-11900R	66000 25000		62.70	62.70
PBC Er	ntry - To agree inventory to year-en	d physical.					
16 16 16	GEN OTHER INCOME VOL OTHER INCOME ENDOW INTEREST INCOME	3000.01	4-1-30802R 4-3-30802R 6-2-31002R	65000 60000 65500		20.00 17.44	37.44
	ance funds.						
	Totals				-	42,460.14	42,460.14

AJE No.	Account Description	W/P Ref	Account Number	Lead	Sublead	Debits	Credits
1	MAJOR ENDOW # 41-0337-01-8 EF MAJOR RESTRICTED PORTION	1100.06	1-2-10100R 1-2-10101R	29000 029000		251,827.70	251,827.70
To rec	lass restricted portion of long-term e	ndowment i	nvestments.				
3	ENDOW PLDGS RCVBL CURRENT	1200.075	1-2-11301R	23200		20,733.00	20,733.00
3	ENDOW PLEDGES RECEIVABLE		1-2-11300R	23200		20,733.00	
To rec	lassify current portion of pledges rec	eivable.					
5	ENDOW DONATIONS	1200.075	6-2-70002R	60000		202.00	892.00
5 5	ENDOW PLDG RCVBLE DISCOUNT ENDOW DONATIONS		1-2-11310R 6-2-70002R	23200 60000		892.00	4,012.00
5	ENDOW PLDG RCVBLE DISCOUNT		1-2-11310R	23200		4,012.00	,,,,,,,,,,
To rec	ord current year amortization of disco	unt.					
11	(r) MAVRICH ENDOW # 5734-2844		1-2-10110R	020000		15,000.00	
11	EF MAVRICH RESTRICTED PORTION		1-2-10111R	20500			15,000.00
To eli	minate closed account from TB.						
13	ENDOW GRANT INT TO WCMEAA		6-2-40202R	66010		70,000.00	
13	ENDOW DUE WCMEAA A/F FUND		2-2-20170R	044500			70,000.00
To agr	ee to A/F fund to residual change from	original	value.				
16	GEN OTHER INCOME	3000.01	4-1-30802R	65000		20.00	
16	VOL OTHER INCOME		4-3-30802R	60000		17.44	37.44
16	ENDOW INTEREST INCOME		6-2-31002R	65500		17.44	
To bala	ance funds.						
17	ENDOW DUE FROM GENERAL FUND	1100.06	1-2-11006R	23850		7,773.35	
17	ENDOW %AGE OF PRZRVTN DUES		6-2-70012R 6-1-40102R	060110 060040		7,773.35	7,773.35
17 17	GRANT TO ENDOWMENT GEN FUND DUE TO ENDOWMENT		2-1-20120R	44750		1,113.33	7,773.35
To rec	ord 10% of star dues receivable						
	Totals					378,048.84	378,048.84
	10.010				=	=======================================	

Reclass Journal Entries Fund 80 - Endowment Rialto WCMEAA/RSTC June 30, 2015

RJE No.	Account Description	W/P Ref	Account Number	Lead	Sublead	Debits	Credits
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CAP CAMP REST FUND BALANCE DES OPER RESTRICTED FUND BAL (r) GENERAL FUND BALANCE JALB UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE CAP CAMP UNRESTRICTED FUND BAL Assigned -Budgetary Deficits Gen Fd Unassigned Nonspendable- Endowments Assigned- Budgetary Deficits (r) ENDOW RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE ENDOW UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE JALB RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE Unassigned	3000.10	3-4-29800R 3-5-29800R 3-1-29800R 3-6-29850R 3-4-29850R 3-1-52031R 3-1-52050R 3-1-52000R 3-1-52030R 3-2-29800R 3-2-29850R 3-6-29800R 3-1-52040R	56000 56000 56000 56000 52030R 52040R 52030R 52030R 56000 56000 56000 52040R		135,424.00 201,417.00 13,603.00 868,540.00 96,204.00 100,000.00	56,985.00 173.00 201,417.00 91,869.00 1,001,936.00 82,386.00
To reco	ord GASB 54 adjustments.					1,434,766.00	1,434,766.00

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WERMER, ROGERS, DORAN & RUZON LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

755 ESSINGTON ROAD, JOLIET, ILLINOIS 60435 • 815/730-6250 • FAX 815/730-6257

WWW.WRDR.COM

MAY 2 4 2016

To the Board of Directors Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority Joliet, Illinois

Communication of a Material Weakness

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a material weakness:

Preparation of the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors and management share the ultimate responsibility for the Authority's internal control system. While it is acceptable to outsource various accounting functions, the responsibility for internal control cannot be outsourced. The Authority engages Wermer, Rogers, Doran & Ruzon, LLC to assist in preparing its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, Wermer, Rogers, Doran & Ruzon, LLC cannot be considered part of the Authority's internal control system. To establish proper internal control over the preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the Authority should design and implement a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of applicable generally accepted accounting principles including Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements, and knowledge of the Authority's activities and operations. Currently, the Authority's personnel do not have sufficient financial reporting and accounting knowledge to perform a review of the Authority's financial statements and related disclosures to provide a high level of assurance that any potential material omissions or errors would be identified and corrected. The condition is limited to external financial reporting in accordance with accounting principles applicable to governments, due to the complex nature of governmental accounting. After reviewing financial statement preparation procedures, adjusting journal entries, and financial statements with the Authority's management, management was able to oversee WRDR's financial statement preparation and related services.

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wermer, agen, Doven & augm, L.L.C.

May 24, 2016



WERMER, ROGERS, DORAN & RUZON LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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MAY 2 4 2016

To the Board of Directors Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority Joliet, Illinois

Management Letter

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Will County Metropolitan Exposition and Auditorium Authority (Authority) for the year ended June 30, 2015 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency which are summarized below. This letter does not affect our report dated May 24, 2016 on the financial statements of the Authority.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various Authority personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows:

Monthly Cash Reconciliations

Finding: Monthly cash reconciliations prepared by the Authority's Finance Manager are not being reviewed.

Recommendation: We recommend review of monthly cash reconciliations by a designated board member, including documentation of review, WRDR noted review of monthly cash reconciliations began after fiscal year end.

Adjusting Journal Entries

Finding: Due to the limited accounting staff, the Finance Manager performs various overlapping duties. In addition, he is authorized to prepare and post all adjusting journal entries to the general ledger.

Recommendation: We recommend that a designated board member review monthly adjusting journal entries posted to the general ledger by the Finance Manager, including documentation of review. WRDR noted review of monthly adjusting journal entries posted to the general ledger began after fiscal year end.



Deposit Collateralization

Finding: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority maintained bank account balances at two financial institutions in excess of insured/collateralized amounts. The excess amounts were not protected against loss in the case of a bank failure.

Recommendation: We recommend the Authority work with its financial institutions to ensure that collateral is pledged for all funds held in excess of federal depository insurance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Wermer, ages, Dolan & augm, L.L.C.

May 24, 2016